



1) Be able to organize your thoughts in a succinct and synthesized manner

- 2) Improve your analytical skills
- 3) Develop critical thinking abilities
- 4) Enhance your knowledge on a particular topic
 - 5) Time management

RESEARCH TOPIC – RESEARCH PROBLEM

 RESEARCH TOPIC – a phenomenon or a theme to be studied

• HOW DO I FIND A RESEARCH TOPIC?

- Course materials
- Internships
- General interests & observations
- Can be useful for your future career



SOMETHING THAT MOTIVATES YOU!

RESEARCH QUESTION – HOW TO FIND IT?

- Develop the attribute of curiosity & doubt (critical thinking!)
 - Observe, search, explore but do not accept anything as 'a fact'
 - Keep an open mind cultivate curiosity to find and develop new ideas
 - Read, skip and skim publications for data, ideas and the motivation behind these ideas

WHAT IS A GOOD RESEARCH QUESTION?

- It has to be precise/concrete but not too narrow
 - You know which direction to take (prevents you from wasting time)
 - 'A question properly-defined is often half-solved'
 - A wide enough question may allow you to develop alternate solutions
- It has to be a question:
 - How? Where? What? Why? When? Who? ..
- It has to be relevant (for business studies)!
- It has to imply feasibility of the project (can you do it?)!

RESEARCH QUESTION – IT IS IMPORTANT!

- To state the research question precisely in the written report (you cannot assume that other can read your mind!)
- If the research question is stated several times (in the introduction and in the literature review, make sure you state the same question!)
- Occasionally, people talk about the question but never actually state the question!

RESEARCH QUESTION – PIECE OF ADVICE

- Learn how to process information productively
- Before loading your mind with data, other people's opinions, and so-called *facts*, list all possible tentative solutions you can think of for your main problem and any sub-problems.

• Reasons:

- Provides with direction and scope in your search
- Enables you to utilize imagination before being influenced by prevailing thoughts and theories

SUB-QUESTIONS

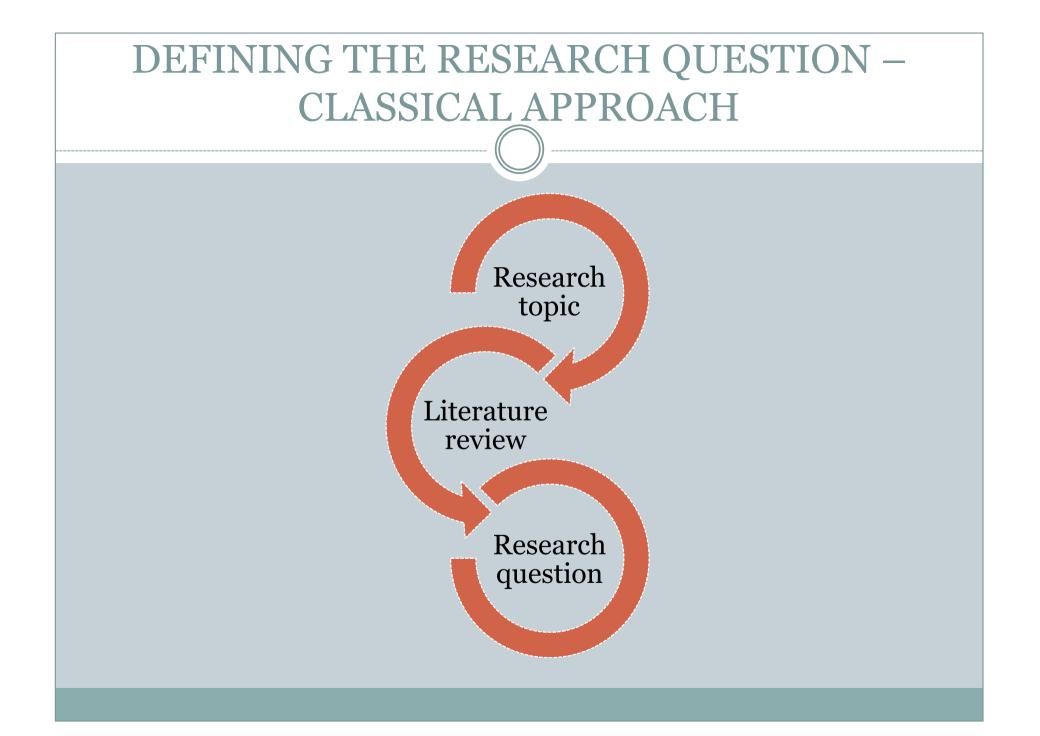
- The research question may have sub-questions:
 - Each sub-question should be independent
 - Each sub-question should be related to the research topic
 - Sub-questions should not be many (2 or 3!)

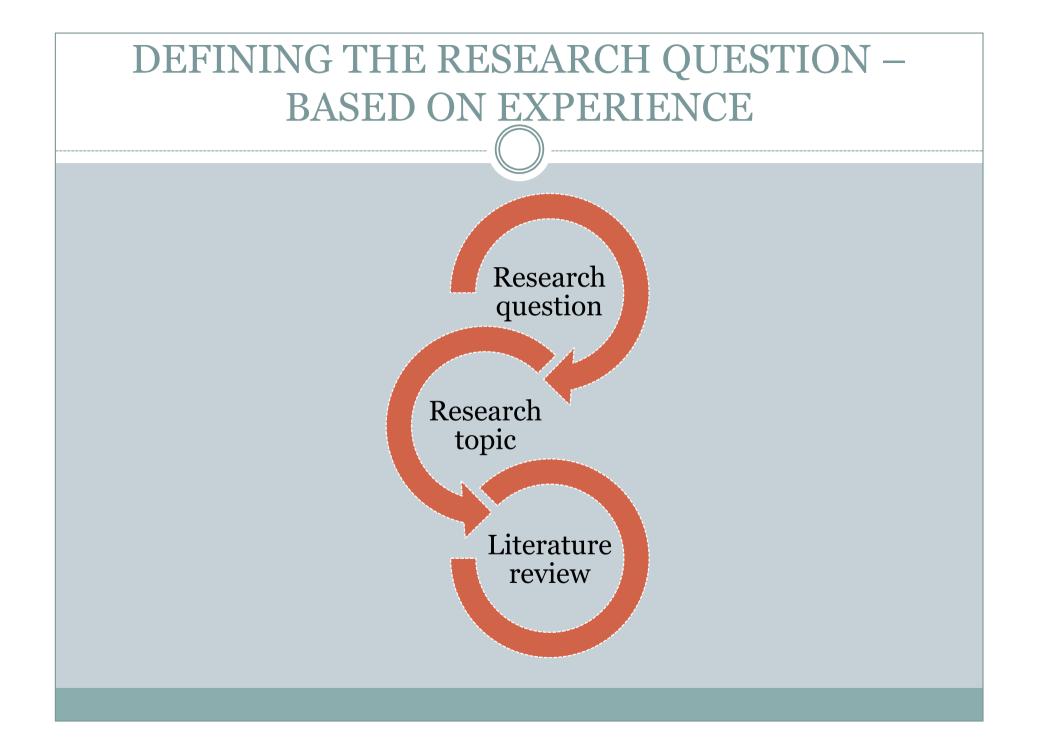
Why is the research question so important?

If you do not identify relevant question → your research has no value!

- If you do not identify the research question well \rightarrow
 - You will not collect the appropriate data
 - You will not choose the appropriate methodology to analyze the data
 - You will not make correct conclusions







What is a good literature review?

- Prior work what has been already said on the topic?
 - Collect
 - × Academic articles (at least 5 in your bibliography)
 - × Practitioners-oriented articles
 - × Books
 - × Videos..
 - **Evaluate** make a point on how they relate to your question
 - **Synthesize** summarize the findings of these articles, books, videos
 - **Organize** the literature review should flow (lead the reader!)

Purpose of the literature review

Frame the research question → narrow down the topic and formulate a clear question

• Identify relevant concepts, methods, facts

Position the study (intended contribution)

EXAMPLES..

- RESEARCH TOPIC: internationalization, foreign entry modes
- RESEARCH QUESTION: What is the entry mode chosen by e-commerce firms when they first decide to internationalize their activities?

EXAMPLES..

• RESEARCH TOPIC: The importance of service quality for customer satisfaction

• RESEARCH QUESTION: *How does the service quality impact the financial performance of a company?* (The case of the third-party logistics service providers)



THESIS FORMAT

THESIS STRUCTURE

Front page List of abbreviations Table of Content List of Figures/Tables

Introduction

- PART I: LITERATURE REVIEW
 - Research question
- PART II: DATA COLLECTION AND METHODOLOGY
- PART III: ANALYSIS

Results of the analysis Contributions & recommendations Conclusion

Appendices Bibliography

THESIS FORMAT

- Quide the reader!
 - Table of content
 - Introduction
 - Connecting paragraphs
- Times New Roman, 12 pt, 1.5-space, aligned
- Body of the text
 Avoid copy & paste from different info sources (Compilatio!)

 Rather interpret and analyze the information

THESIS FORMAT

- Bibliography
 - All information sources should be cited!
 - References should be arranged by last name, following the format presented to you in the GUIDE MFE
 - Information accessed online should be cited by providing the last name of the author, the title of the website and the <u>date</u> <u>when it was accessed</u>

